	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	ety beyond the school community. Year 3	Year 4
Grammar	I can write a simple sentence.	I can use the suffixes -s or -es and understand the effects of these	I can form adjectives using suffixes such as -ful and -less.	I can form nouns using a range of prefixes such as super-, anti-, auto	I use the standard form of verb inflictions accurately such as we were instead of we was, or I did instead of I done.
	I am beginning to use	suffixes.	I can use some straightforward suffixes	I can identify word classes when presented in	
	and to join a sentence	I can use the personal pronoun I.	to form nouns and adjectives, including the suffixes -er and -est to form comparative adjectives.	context. (nouns, verbs, adjectives, conjunctions, pronouns, adverbs, prepositions and determiners)	I use a range of sentences with more than one clause- through use of conjunctions.
	I can use repetition for rhythm.	I know what a noun and adjective is.	I know what a noun, verb, adjective and adverb is.	I use a range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions in	I use of a wider range of conjunctions, such as, although, however, despite, as well as:
		I can use 'and' to join	I can recognise and use different types	my writing. (when, if, because, although)	I use the correct article 'a' or 'an'.
		ideas within a sentence.	of sentences, including statements, questions, commands and exclamations.	I recognise and use determiners 'a', 'an' and 'the' appropriately.	I can open my sentences in different ways to create effects.
		I am attempting to use other conjunctions.	I can use co-ordination using or, and, but.	I use the perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.	I use appropriate nouns or pronouns within and across sentences to support cohesion and avoid
		I can use adjectives to add detail to my	I can use simple subordinating	I understand the purpose of adverbs and can	repetition.
		sentences.	conjunctions, 'when', 'if', 'because', 'that'.	use these effectively in my writing.	I make improvements to my writing by proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve
		I am beginning to use some variety in sentence	I can use present and past tenses correctly and consistently.	I use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.	consistency.
		types such as commands and statements.	I can identify the present or past tense forms of familiar, regular verbs and	Word choices are adventurous and carefully selected to add detail and to engage the reader.	I can use fronted adverbials of place, time and manner, including the use of a comma.
		I can use simple expanded noun phrases.	some high-frequency irregular verbs.	I understand the difference between a co- ordinating and subordinating conjunction.	I can use expanded noun phrases with modifying adjectives.
		I understand that the prefix un- can change	noun phrases to add detail.	Detail is added by the expansion of noun	I use adverbs and prepositions to express time, place and cause.
		the meaning of some words.		phrases before and after the noun.	I can organise paragraphs around a theme.
					I build cohesion within paragraphs through controlled use of tenses; subordinating and co- ordinating conjunctions.

Grammar and Punctuation Progression Grid

St Michael's CE (A) First School

	I can use finger spaces in between	I can leave spaces between words.	I can use capital letters and full stops to demarcate sentences.	I can use inverted commas for speech punctuation.	I use standard English for verb inflections- instead of spoken forms. I can demarcate all of my sentences correctly.
Punctuation	words. I am beginning to use capital letters and full stops.	I can use capital letters for the start of a sentence. I can use a full stop accurately. I am beginning to use other punctuation marks such as exclamation marks and question marks. I can use capital letters for the names of people, places, days of the week and the pronoun I.	I can use exclamation marks and questions marks. I can use commas to separate items in a list. I can use apostrophes for singular possession and for simple contractions.	I can use apostrophes for possession with increasing accuracy including plural possession. I am beginning to use commas to mark clauses and phrases.	I can use an apostrophe for contractions and to mark plural possessions such as the girl's name, the girls' name. I am secure in using inverted commas for direct speech, including a comma after the reporting clause. I can use commas for fronted adverbials. I am beginning to understand the use of a colon.